Assessment of relationship between lifestyle and risk of carpal tunnel syndrome among patients who referred to Imam Hospital of Urmia in ۲۰۰۹

Sahebzamani M', Kousha S', Ranjbar N'

Abstract

Method: This descriptive – correlation study conducted on vo clients with CTS. The samples selected based on purposive sampling approach and defined criteria. Data collected using a researcher made questionnaire consisted of two parts: Demographic and life style questionnaires. The Validity was assured using face and content validity and the reliability was assured using test-re test method. The data were entered into SPSS \\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow\rightarrow

Findings: result of this research indicate that healthy lifestyle has meaningful relationship with diet regime e.g. consumption of daily-products ,vegetable and fruits $(p=\cdot/\cdot\cdot\cdot)$ and physical activity $(p=\cdot/\cdot\cdot\cdot)$.while there was a reverse correlation between smoking and lifestyle manner $(p=\cdot/\cdot\cdot\cdot)$.

Conclusion: Since the lifestyle manner of people (inappropriate diet, smoking, and inappropriate physical activity) have a great influence on affliction of CTS, it is quite possible to prevent CTS by lifestyle modification and education.

Keywords: lifestyle, carpal tunnel syndrome.

¹-Faculty member of Azad Medical University, MSc in Educational Management, Tehran Azad University of medical sciences, Iran

Y-Faculty member of Shahid beheshti University, Tehran, Iran

r- MSc in Nursing Education, Azad University, Oroomieh, Iran